

Buyers' checklist for calves and store cattle

Buying in livestock is risky and is the most likely way of introducing a new disease onto your farm. The cost of a disease outbreak can be huge. There are many potential diseases of concern as this checklist shows. The fewer red marks on the list, the lower the risk of buying in disease. To minimise the risk of buying in disease, source

stock from as few farms as possible and ask questions about health status as shown on this checklist. Discuss your stock sourcing policy with your vet. All stock bought on to the farm should be quarantined for three weeks on arrival to allow time for vaccinations and treatments to be completed and for health to be assessed.

General questions			
Is the source herd closed?	'es		No
Does the source herd belong to any health accreditation scheme?	'es	No	
Bovine Viral Diarrhoea is a viral disease, causing clinical signs including infertility and abortion. Calves born to infected dams are termed Persistently Infected (PI) and will eventually die, but can spread BVD to other cattle.			
Has the source herd been tested to prove it is free of BVD? (CHeCS accredited)	'es	No	
Is the source herd vaccinated against BVD?		Yes	No
Have the cattle to be purchased had a clear test for BVD antigen?	'es	No	
Are the animals to be purchased pregnant?	No	Yes	
Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis (IBR) is a viral disease of cattle causing respiratory disease, reproduced.	ctive fa	ailure and ı	milk
Has the source herd been tested to prove it is free of IBR? (CHeCS accredited)	'es	No	
Is the source herd vaccinated against IBR?		Yes	No
If the source herd does vaccinate, have they always used a marker vaccine?		Yes	No
Parasites may be harboured by purchased cattle, and may pose a risk to your herd.			
Have the animals to be purchased been vaccinated against lungworm?	'es		No
Has any treatment been given to eliminate parasites in the last three weeks?	'es		No
Is there any evidence of external parasites, such as ringworm, lice?		No	Yes
Have the animals to be purchased had a clear test for liver fluke in the last year?	'es	Not tested	No
Bovine Tuberculosis is a notifiable bacterial disease, which can also affect people.			
Is the source herd tested for TB more frequently than every 4 years?		No	Yes
Has the source herd had TB reactors or inconclusive results in the last 4 years?		No	Yes
Have the animals to be purchased had a clear test in the last 60 days?	'es	Not tested	No
Salmonella is a disease causing scour and abortions. This disease is trasmissible to humans (zoonosis	s).		
Have there ever been confirmed cases in the source herd?	No		Yes
Is the source herd vaccinated?		Yes	No

This is a simple guide, remember to discuss with your vet to test and treat where a risk has been identified. AHDB Beef & Lamb would like to acknowledge the Aberdeen Angus Cattle Society for their contribution to this checklist.



